

Hollow, thin-walled section of uniform thickness

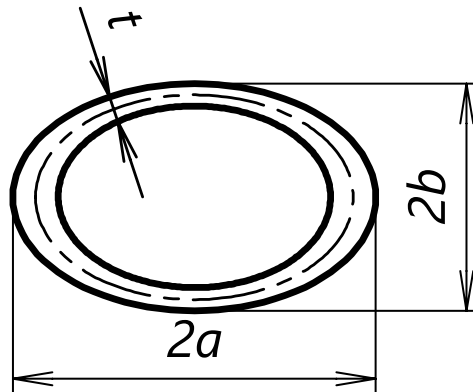


Fig. 1 - Hollow, thin-walled section of uniform thickness

Values for calculation:

Twisting moment	T	1000	Nm
Dimension 1	a	100	mm
Dimension 2	b	60	mm
Dimension 3	t	4	mm
Length	L	1000	mm
Modulus of rigidity	G	80000	MPa

$$U = \pi(a + b - t) \left[1 + 0.258 \frac{(a - b)^2}{(a + b - t)^2} \right]$$
$$= \pi(100 + 60 - 4) \left[1 + 0.258 \frac{(100 - 60)^2}{(100 + 60 - 4)^2} \right] = 498.4$$

Polar moment of inertia:

$$K = \frac{4\pi^2 t \left[\left(a - \frac{1}{2}t \right)^2 \left(b - \frac{1}{2}t \right)^2 \right]}{U} = \frac{4\pi^2 4 \left[\left(100 - \frac{1}{2}4 \right)^2 \left(60 - \frac{1}{2}4 \right)^2 \right]}{498.4}$$

$$= 10236460.9 \text{mm}^4$$

Angle of twist:

$$\theta = \frac{T \cdot 10^3 \cdot L}{KG} = \frac{1000 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 1000}{10236460.9 \cdot 80000} = 0.001 \text{rad}$$

Torsion stress:

$$\tau_{average} = \frac{10^3 T}{2\pi t \left(a - \frac{1}{2}t \right) \left(b - \frac{1}{2}t \right)} = \frac{10^3 \cdot 1000}{2\pi 4 \left(100 - \frac{1}{2}4 \right) \left(60 - \frac{1}{2}4 \right)} = 7 \text{MPa}$$